Results will be:

- presented at scientific conferences and published in scientific journals.
- communicated to study participants in a research feedback session.

Student graduations

The African Baobab Alliance will:

- create online trade publications and press releases for local and international print media and social networking platforms.
- communicate the results to local harvesters during annual pre-harvesting workshops.

This is the first study of its kind to investigate how fibre-rich baobab fruit powder affects human gut health.



Contact

SAMRC

Dr Sylvia Riedel sylvia.riedel@mrc.ac.za Tel: +27 21 938 0844

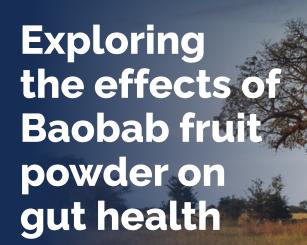
Prof Julia Goedecke julia.goedecke@mrc.ac.za Tel: +27 21 938 0862

African Baobab Alliance

Henry Johnson henry@baobabexports.com







Research has been identified as a priority for the development of the Baobab sector. This brochure highlights the steps

Image: African Baobab Alliance

required to complete this research project.

Baobab fruit powder

Is natural & organic

Is indigenous to Southern Africa

Is rich in nutrients

Has anecdotal health benefits

Conceptualise research idea

Rationale for studying effects of Baobab fruit powder in humans:

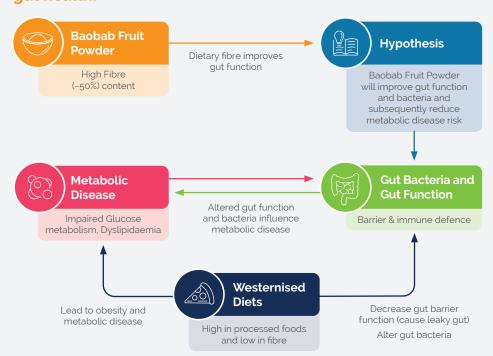


Limited scientific studies in humans

Baobab fruit powder is widely available in SA

Baobab fruit powder is approved as food ingredient in the EU and USA

Rationale for studying the effect of Baobab fruit powder on gut health:



Study Aim: Perform a randomised double-blind placebocontrolled trial to examine the effects of consumption of Baobab fruit powder on gut health in participants with obesity. As secondary aim we will also assess the effects of Baobab fruit powder on cardiometabolic health parameters.







Develop the study protocol

- Finalise study protocol
- Prepare participant information material
- Apply for ethical approval
- Engage with the South African Health Products Regulatory Authority (SAHPRA)
- Register trial at the Pan African Clinical Trial registry (PACTR202308727853680)

Implementation

Study population

n = 50 men/women living with obesity Randomised

Active Baobab powder (n = 25)

Placebo powder (n = 25)

Consume Baobab fruit powder or placebo daily for 45 days

Participant monitoring

Intervention days





Samples collected before and after the intervention









samples

Laboratory analysis of:

Markers of aut permeability

Gut bacteria

Cardiometabolic risk markers (e.g. weight, lipid profile, blood pressure, glucose & insulin)